

The Weekly Louisianaian.

TERMS—\$2 00 PER ANNUM.

"REPUBLICAN AT ALL TIMES, AND UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES."

(SINGLE COPIES—5 CENTS)

THE ADVOCATE OF THE RIGHTS OF MAN.

VOLUME 8.

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, SATURDAY, OCT. 11, 1879.

NUMBER 48.

GREAT JACKSON ROUTE—NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO RAILROAD LINES.
DOUBLE DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
On and after Nov. 13, 1877, Trains will depart and arrive as follows, from Calumet street depot:

DEPART.
Express No. 1..... 6:15 p. m.
Mixed No. 3..... 7:00 a. m.
ARRIVE.
Express No. 2..... 9:30 a. m.
Mixed No. 4..... 7:10 p. m.
No. 1 and 2 run daily, 3 and 4 daily, except Sunday.

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The Punished.

ELLA WHEELER.

Not they who know the awful gib-

bet's anguish,

Not they who, while sad years

go by them, in

The sunless cells of lonely prisons

languish,

Do suffer fullest penalty for sin.

'Tis they who walk the highways

unsuspected,

Yet with grim fear for ever at

their side,

Who clasp the corpse of some sin

undetected.

A corpse no grave or coffin lid

can hide.

'Tis they who are in their own

chambers haunted

By thoughts that like unwelcome

guests intrude,

And sit down uninvited and un-

wanted,

And make a nightmare of the

solitude.

Rest as a Cure for Neural-

gia and Headache.

Neuralgia, one of the ills of the

women of to-day, has been defined

as the "prayer of the nerves for

healthy blood." Dr. Studley says,

in nine cases out of ten, the cause

of neuralgia in young women is

traceable to want of equilibrium in

the circulation. The poor body is

so cramped and distorted and

loaded down with the thousand

and one devices for making it look

"stylish" that the blood has very

hard work to get around at all, to

say nothing of getting round on

time. Take the corset liver for in-

stance, says the Doctor, as the medi-

cal students have learned to call the

livers of female patients, is the

rule rather than the exception for

those livers to be deeply indented

where the ribs having crowded

against them by, improperly worn

clothing, that the wrist can easily

be laid in the groove. And this in

an organ which is a mass of blood

vessels, through which every par-

ticle of blood ought to circulate free-

ly on its way to the heart. Of

course it cannot through the

squeezed portions, and the inevitable

result of the half-done work of

the liver is an unclean condition

of the blood, which utters its cry by

means of aching nerves. If you

are suffering from headache, it is

probably due either to errors in

diet, or to fatigue, or to a cold in

the head, or to a constitutional

tendency to neuralgia. The remedy

is—rest. If the stomach has

been overfed by too much food or

by too great variety (either will

cause headache) by all means give it

a rest. Take twenty-four hours' fast,

and give Nature a chance to do her

own repairing. If the head aches

by reason of nerve fatigue, there is

no remedy like sleep; and the way

to court sleep is to take a warm

foot bath, and then firmly resolve

to go to sleep. Mental indigestion

is just as sure to result from inor-

dinate cramming with book lore as

is gastric indigestion sure to follow

food cramming. Be temperate in

respect to your hours of walking

and sleeping. The best hours for

sleep are those between 10 and 2,

and no amount of sleep prolonged

into daylight can compensate for

the loss of those precious hours.

We each must have a pound of ox-

gen per day to consume the waste

matter whose accumulation in our

WASHINGTON.

The District Government.

The Bounty Fund, Etc.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6, 1879.

EDITORS LOUISIANIAN:

Since the overthrow of that cor-

rupt institution known as the

"Board of Public Works," the

District of Columbia has been

governed by three commissioners,

"little monarchs" in their way, who

control the water works, police and

fire departments and the public

schools. In the organization of

the commissioners it was under-

stood that two should be Republi-

cans and one a Democrat, but it

now transpires, that they are all

tolerably good Democrats; that is

to say, the commission in making

appointments has shown too much

partiality for Democrats; and it is

alleged, with what truth I know

not, that the District Govern-

ment has become a sort of asy-

lum for broken down politicians

from the South. The Republicans

of the District have filed a strong

protest with the President, who

promised to look into this matter.

One of the commissioners, Capt.

Phelps, it is rumored will be

removed and John R. French,

late Sergeant-at-arms of the Sen-

ate, appointed in his stead.

Now Mr. French is a good, but a

weak man, and I predict that in

one year, before the District peo-

ple will denounce him as savagely

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The Louisianian.

T. D. S. TUCKER, Editors.
JAS. D. KENNEDY, Editors.

SATURDAY, OCT. 11, 1879.

All letters on business and communications should be addressed to the "LOUISIANIAN, 644 CAMP STREET."

No notice taken of anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Rejected communications cannot be returned, neither can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

The proprietor of this paper will not be responsible for the sentiments of communications.

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Haley—corner of Camp and Commercial Alley.
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POST. J. HANLAN, Philadelphia, Pa.
S. W. SMITH, Richmond, Va.
E. W. FITZGERALD, Natchez, Miss.

Collector Badger is expected home to-day.

Judge E. C. Billings will arrive about the 1st of November.

Senator Lamar and Congressman Singleton speak at Yazoo City to-day.

Mrs. J. Allen has returned to the city. She has been teaching in Aveyelles Parish.

The Board of Vestry of St. Philips Church will meet Monday evening at 7 1/2 o'clock.

Hon. Harry Mahoney has been nominated for the House by the Republicans of Plaquemines.

St. Luke's P. E. Church in Washington is to cost \$20,000 of which \$12,000 have been paid.

The Republicans of Hinds Co. the leaders.

Cols. Samuel J. Ireland and N. D. Sneed have been invited to take part in the Hinds county, Miss. canvass.

Mr. J. C. Clarke, Vice President and General Manager of the Jackson R. R. has returned from the North.

Mr. Charles W. Vance recently passed an examination and received a principal's certificate at the hands of the school authorities in Carroll parish.

George William Curtis, editor of Harper's Weekly, has been advising the Republicans of N. Y. to scratch Cornell's name at the coming election.

It is reported that Ex-Congressman Robt. B. Elliott will leave South Carolina and locate permanently in St. Louis. He believes in going West.

Mr. Henry E. Baker will visit his mother in Mississippi about the 15th inst. He will probably visit New Orleans before returning to Washington.

Gov. Pinchback's family arrived Sunday morning. The Gov. left them at Jackson and proceeded to Delta to attend the Parish convention of Madison.

Mr. J. C. Corbin will please accept our thanks for a copy of the Sixth Annual Communication of the M. W. Grand Lodge F. and A. M. held in the City of Hot Springs.

Henderson McCray, Esq., is a candidate for the House of Representatives subject to the nomination of a Republican Convention of the 14th representative district. He is a good man and ought to be the party nominee.

We publish Aosta's card in another column, because we permitted the card of Mr. Bobe to appear in a previous issue. We exceedingly regret the fact that these gentlemen could not settle their differences in a more amicable way. We hope it will yet be done. Meanwhile we inform our readers and patrons that hereafter no personal cards of this nature will find their way into the LOUISIANIAN, as it is not intended to be a medium for vilification and abuse.

The Democratic Ticket.

The Kilkenny fight of the Democrats begun in this city and transferred to the Nominating Convention at Baton Rouge has come to a fitful close. The "Ogden Boom" which was on a small scale after the manner of Chinese warfare—the beating of gongs to frighten away the enemy and thus gain a bloodless victory—is now booming only in the muttered curses of disappointed partisans and the plaintive wails of ardent friends. It may be in the "sweet by and by" when experience in public affairs is not deemed to be much of a necessary qualification in one aspiring to official position, Gen. Ogden may be honored by his party with the executive chair of the State; but till then, he must be dismissed from the scene to recuperate and console himself with the maxim: "He who fights and runs away, May live to fight another day." As we remarked in a late issue of the LOUISIANIAN, Lieut. Gov. Wiltz, the nominee of his party for the chief magistracy of Louisiana, is not unknown to public life. Quick, decisive and determined in his political actions, he nevertheless has great skill and well balanced judgment in his selection of men and means to compass his ambition. Had we been at Baton Rouge and expressed our choice as between him and his competitor, we could not be better suited than in the preference which has been given Gov. Wiltz by the Convention; and deeply as we would regret to see Democratic success next December, if, however such a calamity is to befall us, and the real majority of this State is again to be gagged and practically disfranchised, we would rather that Wiltz than Ogden should be the Governor of the State. Strong as Mr. Wiltz is with the mass of his party, we believe if the Republicans will place a first-class ticket in the field, and a peaceable campaign and a fair Baton Rouge nominees, with the dashed Wiltz at their head, to take a trip for their political health up salt river. In considering the Democratic standard bearers, we limit our observations to the head of the ticket; for, if elected, he will be necessarily both the life and soul of his administration. All points considered, Mr. Wiltz, if not the strongest, is about the most troublesome foe with whom the Republicans could be called on to contend. By his past record he has the high regard of many of our people in this city, and the only way to counteract this is for the Republicans to nominate a ticket which shall be in all its parts a determined pledge of victory. Can it be done? And if it can, will it be done? It will be simple folly for Republicans, counting on Democratic defection to Mr. Wiltz, to think they can place any sort of a ticket in the field and have the ghost of a show to win. Democratic wrangling comes before, never after nomination. Gen. Ogden having already smoked the pipe of peace with Mr. Wiltz, it is very likely that his friends and the business interests of this city which supported him will fall into line. Let the convention of the 20th give its voters first-class men to combat the Democratic ticket with a show of success, or the result will not bring joy to Republican leaders.

Gov. Pinchback arrived yesterday noon from Madison Parish where he was elected Tuesday last a delegate to the approaching State Convention. Messrs. Bobe, Price and Brown are his colleagues. The Governor is looking well from the fine effect of his summer recreation.

There is a deep sorrow pervading the heart of humanity, with which it trembles in indescribable shudders. There is no man on earth who carries the sanctuary of his being pure and free and entire over this short span of time. Error and sorrow are his lot, and out of them he mounts upward, he struggles after reunion, after a blissful life. Manhood is born out of sorrow.—Auerbach.

Chew Jackson's best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

Help to Prosecute.

We have received a very important circular from the prosecuting committee appointed by Hon. John R. Lynch at the Nashville Conference held last May. We will endeavor to explain the duties of this committee, and state the causes that led to its appointment. The far famed Jubilee Singers, who are known all over this country, Ireland, Scotland, England, Germany, France, Switzerland and Austria, bought first-class tickets over one of the Tennessee railroads, and on presenting them when boarding the train, they were insulted and shamefully forced to ride among the roughs in the smoking car. The matter was called to the attention of the Conference then in session. Resolutions were passed by a unanimous vote denouncing said action and asking for the appointment of a collecting and prosecuting committee to take the matter in hand and carry it before a judicial tribunal. The criminal case is to be prosecuted first. The grand jury has granted a true bill against the conductor for seizing one of the lady members of the troupe by the arm and in a rough manner pushing her from the ladies' coach to the smoking car. The case comes up this month. It is the purpose of the prosecuting committee, if they are properly backed up, to carry the case to the Supreme Court. It behooves every member of the race to contribute something. The whole country will note the trial. The prominence of the actors, their culture and refinement as witnessed by hundreds of thousands in this and the Old Country, will tend to make a remarkable one.

To our country's shame be it said that after traveling over civilized Europe and delighting it with that "sweet art divine that smoothed the brow of Saul;" after mingling with the first ladies and gentlemen of the titled nobility in passed, it was reserved for an American State and an American bully, in the garb of a conductor, to publicly insult and outrage the manhood and womanhood of those who were born on its soil, and who are supposed to be amenable to and protected by its constitution and laws. The case has been stated. Col. James Lewis represents this State on the collecting committee. We hope he will take the matter in hand and push forward the work. Let Louisiana have a hand in this prosecution. Let our people respond. It will do them no harm. Money should be sent to the Prosecuting Committee at Nashville, Tennessee. The following are the committees:

Prosecuting Committee—J. H. Burrows, Chairman, Rev. G. H. Shaffer and W. F. Yardley, Esq.

Collecting Committee—J. C. Napier, Nashville, Tenn.; R. W. Fitzhugh, Natchez, Miss.; Rev. Bishop Miles, Louisville, Ky.; Col. James Lewis, New Orleans, La.; J. W. Wilson, St. Louis, Mo.; Judge M. W. Gibbs, Little Rock, Ark.; Hon. J. H. Rapier, Montgomery, Ala.; R. R. Wright, Culbert, Ga.; F. D. Morton, Md.; J. W. Cromwell, Washington, D. C.; Hon. Richard Allen, Houston, Texas; Rev. D. Jones, Oregon; F. J. Loudin, Pittsburgh, Penn.; F. L. Barnett, Chicago, Ill.; Col. Robert Harlan, Cincinnati, Ohio; H. G. Newsome, Nebraska; Hon. J. H. Rainey, Columbia, S. C.

Items of Interest.

—Rev. T. W. Henderson has severed his connection with the Colored Citizen.

—We have received the second number of the Co-operative Emigrant, a weekly published at Clarksville, Tenn., by Dr. A. Aray. It is devoted to the interest of the emigrant.

—Virginia has over 200,000 educable colored children and over 280,000 white.

—"Telfair's" communication, from Plaquemine parish, came too late for publication. We learn from him that Messrs. Warmoth, Milon, Butler and Mahoney were elected delegates to the State Convention.

They Complain.

The Southern people or rather the Democratic portion complain (that the Republican politicians, the Republican and all the fair minded class of the press are inveighing against them with unwonted bitterness; that sectional feuds are thus being revived and the needed rest and quiet from the agitation created by the bad blood of the war are once more prominently brought forward. Now whose fault is it that Republican orators, Republican and fair-minded newspapers of the North are successfully fanning the hearts of that phlegmatic people and fomenting curses on the South to the tune of the loyal masses of that section? Two years ago, the South had stolen a rapid march on the affections of their Northern brethren. She had successfully convinced them, false as the arguments often were, that the wealth and intelligence of these parts were being ground to dust under the iron heel of ignorance and bad government. So effectively complete were the misrepresentations made to Northern generosity, that the North buried the hatchet of sectional strife, embraced with a crushing, gushing hug, the erring Southrons, eliminated the Negro from practical politics, bated down the bloody recollections of our four year's frightful drama, and proclaimed to the world that the Union of these states had arisen, phoenix like, to shine with unequalled brilliancy in the family of nations. But alas! for the lack of sensible and courageous statesmanship in the South. The advantage then gained has been most stupidly thrown away. Northern sentiment, by its generous concession, has been misinterpreted to mean a revival of the abominable heresies which have long been buried by the progress of humanity, and the reversal of the dial of time from the live ideas of the day to the fossil views which might have done in good faith, but in consideration of our material interests in the South, all way along warned the Southern Democrats not to presume too much on the kindly sentiment of the North by returning to extreme methods to maintain their political ascendancy; we have time and again cautioned them against the upbuilding of a Solid South in that it was a mere delusion which would beget a corresponding result in the North. We have been systematically disregarded. Our suggestions have been treated with contempt; our fears for the welfare of the South ridiculed, and ostracism has been suffered to run riot and dominate the politics of the Democracy. In consequence of these mistakes, and these wrongs, the South, as a political factor, will soon be buried forever out of sight.

Where is the Chicago Conservator? We thought it wanted to nominate a President—a few weeks ago, and now, well, gone from our gaze like a dream. Unhappy Chicago! Lucky candidates for the Presidency! The Indianapolis Leader is a paper, and don't forget it. —F. J. Shadd, Esq., one of the faculty of Howard University, has been promoted. Mr. Shadd is an accomplished and agreeable gentleman. Straight and Leland Universities would do well if they offered a chair to some of our people.

After Mr. Wiltz received the nomination for Governor at the Baton Rouge Convention, speeches were made by Gov. Wiltz, Gen. Ogden, Senator Jonas, Congressman Ellis and Gibson. Mr. Ellis said that the Democracy would not have a walk over as "the Republican party would rise up under the magic of Grant's name." F. John was right; and it makes very little difference whether it be Grant, Conkling, Blaine or Sherman, they will rise all the same, and great will be that rise. "Principles, not men as the representatives of principles." That's Republican doctrine, Mr. Ellis.

Ohio.

Tuesday next the great State of Ohio will record her vote on the issues involved in the exciting canvass now coming to a close, and which, thanks to Democratic stupidity, were fanned into life in the extra session of Congress. In the face of reviving industries and swelling prosperity, the financial question, which at the best, has simply been a fruitful source of matter to supply croaking partisans and professional demagogues with sophistries, naturally sinks into insignificance, and is drowned in the deeper and more important query, are these United States a Nation? The reassertion of the heresy of States' rights, commonly supposed to have been washed out in an ocean of blood during the civil war, has been revived, like an oft exorcised, but returning evil genius, to torment the peace of the country and to put once again to the test the disciplined patience of the sturdy millions North who fought and staked their all in accordance with the courage of their convictions. It has been remarked that revolutions never turn backward; but it is equally true that a great idea, however wrong, which has long struggled for supremacy, when beaten, disappears only by degrees, from view, like the waves of the receding tide. True as experience has often shown this to be, and while it is more than probable that even after the campaign of this and the following year, the same issue may yet have to be fought over, the signs of a crushing defeat for the baneful theories of Calhoun are thick in the air. The people of the Buckeye State are thoroughly aroused, and unless all human calculations are false, an immense Republican triumph may be expected.

A Card.

DELTA, La., Oct. 6, 1879.
EDITORS LOUISIANIAN:
It has never been my custom or intention to quarrel through the columns of a newspaper nor to want my courage or manhood in the face of the public. I simply take notice of the card of one M. G. Bobe (Booby would be the most becoming name for the fellow), which appeared in the LOUISIANIAN of the 14th inst., to say that I endeavored once to give M. G. Bobe satisfaction by accepting his challenge, designating the "time, place and manner" and repairing to the spot, and he sneaked out of the affair like a coward. I shall therefore decline to treat with him as "being either honorable or brave, but will reserve the right to dispose of the fellow in such a manner as I may deem necessary and best.

The bitter contest which is being waged by the friends of Wiltz and Ogden for the leadership of the Democratic-Conservative party is the incentive, then, to the tardy protest which Mr. Ellis, as chief flagman of the Ogden faction, raises against the political murders that used to be of such common occurrence and the intolerance that prevailed in certain portions of Louisiana when Mr. Ellis and his friends either openly vindicated this semi-barbarous condition of society by silvery speeches or palliated it by golden silence.—Donaldsonville Chief.

In the proceedings of the Madison Parish Convention which have been received too late for this issue, we find as a general result the following: Hon'ble Wm. Murrell and Governor Hawkins were nominated for the House, Thos. P. Costes, present incumbent, was re-nominated for Sheriff, Clerk of Court, present incumbent, W. R. J. Clemens, re-nominated, Coroner, Dr. Brzozowski. Full proceedings will appear in our next issue.

Is that the way to commence a campaign? A number of Democrats are walking along the streets. One burrabs for Wiltz and the other for Ogden. One is shot in the back and mortally wounded. Query. If they shoot one another because a difference exists as to the relative merits of two Democrats, what show will the Republicans have to make a canvass in the country?

REPUBLICAN

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1879,

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George Y. Kelso, Milton Jones

All communications to the committee must be addressed to P. B. S. Pinchback, President, State Central Executive Committee, New Orleans, Louisiana.

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Established less than three years ago as a Representative Republican Paper, pledged to maintain and defend the principles and organization of the National Republican party the INTER-OCEAN was early pushed to the forefront of journalism and achieved a success unprecedented in the history of such enterprises. By universal assent it has been assigned position as

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The Louisianian.

J. M. VANGE, Jr., Editor.

SATURDAY, OCT. 11, 1879.

Willz is the Democratic nominee for Governor, and the Times is not happy.

Mr. Sylvester Decker has again assumed the leadership of the Excelsior Brass Band.

Don't forget the Young Veterans Ball to-night at the Economy Hall. Admission, 25 cents.

After the 15th inst., the Deputy Collector, Judge A. J. Dumont and the Inspectors, will resume their respective duties in the city.

Col. N. D. Sneed is a candidate for Chancery Clerk of Hinds County, Miss. Col. Sneed is a deserving and competent young man, an active and consistent Republican. We wish him success.

A Grand Concert and Exhibition will be given at St. James Chapel Roman street, between Customhouse and Bienville Sts. on Thursday Oct. 16th, 1879. We acknowledge receipt of complimentary ticket.

The Republican primaries occur on Wednesday 15th inst. The fight from present appearances will be a hotly contested one. The "outs" are arrayed solidly against the "ins" and are determined at any cost to carry the city delegation to the State Convention.

We are in receipt of a complimentary ticket to attend a "Grand Musical and Dancing Festival" to be given under the auspices of the Excelsior Brass Band at the Cottrell Hall on Monday, October 20th, 1879. Thanks to Messrs. Boisseau and Hoggatt.

We are pleased to see the return home of Geo. Paris, Esq., from his summer rambles up North. His splendid appearance shows that while away he enjoyed himself to his heart's content. He left Mrs. Paris in New York City. She will return home by steamer.

Wednesday night, the 1st instant, the new club rooms of the Americans Club were formally opened. They are situated in an excellent locality, within a stone's throw of Canal street, convenient and desirable, affording a commanding view of a section of the city through which generally all parades and street demonstrations of any kind pass. The Club has 6 rooms, four of which are beautifully and elegantly furnished—a parlor, a reading room and library, hat and cloak room, card and billiard room. The refreshment room in the rear, presided over by the steward, is also a model of beauty and taste. The large covered gallery fronting Rampart street, forming a part of the club's premises, will be used for the exclusive convenience of their numerous lady friends on special occasions. On last Wednesday evening, in honor of the establishment of their rooms a most excellent table was spread, which fairly glistened beneath the delectable viands of a most choice menu, to enjoy which the honorary members and the press only were invited. As the sparkling "extra dry" was being sipped the following toasts were drank:

"The Americans Club," Col. James Lewis, responded to by Hon. A. J. Dumont.

"The Press," by Mr. Wm. A. Halton, responded to by Messrs. Ruby, Tucker and Vance, Jr.

"The Pulpit," Rev. C. H. Thompson.

"Our Honorary Members," by Mr. Geo. Wells, responded to by Hon. C. F. Ladd.

"Our Committee on Club Rooms," by Mr. John B. Hall.

"The President," by Mr. H. O. C. Astwood, responded to by Mr. James D. Kennedy, President.

"Our absent members," by Mr. Robert A. Miller.

The Club has reached these present results over many obstacles, openly opposed in its progress by enemies and secretly maligned by those who should be its friends, it has reached the goal.

The club has under serious consideration an early entertainment. We only throw out this to the young lady friends of the organization, in order that they may be the better prepared for any emergency.

Obituary.

MARRIED—On Wednesday, the 24th ult., by the Rev. A. M. Newman, John H. Newsome, of New Orleans, to Maria Bedford, of Louisville, Ky. No cards.

DIED—On Thursday, the 25th ult., at half past 1 o'clock p. m., John Harvey Newsome. Aged, 29 years.

The worthy subject of this feeble testimonial of affectionate regard was a native of Cincinnati, Ohio, and died in this city on Thursday, the 25th ult., at 1 1/2 o'clock p. m.

With a residence in this city of but a few years, John Harvey Newsome, by his honorable bearing, unimpeachable integrity and constant devotion to the cause of truth and right, had succeeded in obtaining the respect and confidence of those whose relations with him were either of a business or social character.

Stricken down in the very bloom of manhood, and at an hour when the effect of his examples were fast being felt, the community has lost a shining light, a model of uprightness and honorable bearing, his immediate acquaintances a true and tried friend, his affectionate mother, whose idol he was, a dutiful son.

From the time he was forced to relinquish the discharge of his duties incumbent on him as a letter carrier in this city he was the recipient of the constant ministrations of his family and friends. Every remedy in the science of medicine was resorted to and applied. But alas! to no avail. And when death with its icy breath began to chill his emaciated form, he reclined in the arms of his loving wife, and without an utterance of remorse or fear, but with hope of receiving the rich reward promised by the Redeemer, folded his arms, and his soul escaped its prisoned bounds and entered the realms of ethereal bliss and joy.

He was followed to his final resting place by a large concourse of weeping friends, numbering several hundreds, and as they slowly wended their way to the mournful sound of martial music, it was evident that one had departed this life whose example, could not be excelled nor the void by his demise be easily filled.

To his beloved and widowed companion, who enjoyed the sunshine of his love but for a day, and who suffered the inconveniences of a lonely journey from her distant home to be joined to him even in the presence of the fell destroyer, we in grief and sorrow offer our heartfelt sympathy and trust that He who saw fit to take from her him she adored, will be both a Husband and a Father.

To his afflicted and devoted mother who regarded him as her idol and joy, and who at all times and even under the most trying circumstances, constantly strove to show her love, we tender our utterances of condolence, and may she feel that John Harvey has but gone before and now awaits her in spotless robes around the Pearly Throne, and though she will miss him, she can rejoice that he is one of the rarest gems in the immortal crown.

In the mansions of the blest Where the wicked cease to trouble And the weary are at rest.

A. L. H.

The services at St. James Chapel A. M. E. Church on last Sabbath, at 11 o'clock, were conducted by the pastor, Rev. A. M. Green, who preached from Luke 19th chapter and 41st and 42d verses.

"And when he was come near he beheld the city and wept over it; saying, if thou hadst known even thou at least in thy day, the things which belong unto thy peace; but now they are hid from thine eyes."

At 7 1/2 p. m. Rev. R. P. Dorsey preached an able and eloquent discourse, choosing as his text Matthew 14th and 24th:

"But the ship was now in the midst of the sea tossed with waves."

At the close of the sermon the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered to a large number of communicants.

From all appearances we are to have a decidedly busy season.

New fall calicoes are daily placed before the ladies.

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Will contain all the latest news of the day—Political, Literary, and General—thus making it one of the newest and most interesting weekly papers published in the State.

ADVOCATING THE RIGHTS OF MEN,

And representing, especially, the colored citizen, the LOUISIANIAN will maintain, as a fundamental principle, the perfect equality of all citizens, without regard to race or color.

OUR AIM

Should be to foster kindly relations between the races, and to establish a more mutual respect for each other as the very first essential to the future peace and prosperity of our State and the South.

We enter upon our eighth year pledged to the advocacy of the

POLICY

that has governed the LOUISIANIAN from the beginning. The necessity of a closer intercourse between the two classes—the colored and white people of our State—we rejoice to know, is fast becoming manifest; and the recent emancipation of our people from the domination of political task-masters renders this desideratum possible.

HARMONY AND MODERATION

among all classes and between all interests; kindness and forbearance fostered where magnanimity and resentment reigned, and a common service of ALL the people will elevate our loved State to an enviable and rightful position among her sisters in the development of her boundless resources and matchless advantages.

AS AN ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

The LOUISIANIAN offers rare advantages to the merchant and business man. Our large and weekly increasing circulation within the State, and throughout the country, renders the service of our columns particularly desirable.

EDUCATION.

A special feature of our paper will be its educational column, relating to matters affecting our common school system, the education of our youth, and the enlightenment of the masses.

FINAL.

With this statement of our purpose and laudable endeavor, we hope we shall receive, as we shall always strive to merit, commendation and support. Identify with every interest of our State, proud of its history and its advantages, we shall untiringly work in its behalf; counting no exertion too great or services too onerous to command and insure success.

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INTELLIGENCE BUREAU.

PLANTERS, ATTENTION.

Riard's Employers' and Servants

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU AND CLAIM AGENCY,

184.....POYDRAS STREET.....184

NEW ORLEANS.

The undersigned, having had many years experience in one of the largest Northern Cities, in the selection of servants for employers, and in obtaining situations for the unemployed, and believing in the advantage to the public of a permanent bureau, where those needing help can call at any time and secure such as may be required, and those out of employment can obtain good situations, inform the public that they have established a bureau as above, where, at the shortest notice,

PRIVATE FAMILIES, BOARDING HOUSES, HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, STEAMBOATS, STORES, PLANTATIONS, Etc., Etc.,

can be supplied with first-class cooks, waiters, nurses, stewards, (male and female), matrons, housekeepers, seamstresses, traveling servants, ladies' maids, waiters, clerks, waiters, men or women to work by the day or month. Also, book-keepers, grocers, hostlers, office-cleaners. Boys for any occupation, and likewise laborers for plantations, white and colored.

English, French, American, German and Spanish employers wishing first-class help, and those desiring good situations in the city or country, will find it to their advantage.

TO CALL AT ONCE, OR COMMUNICATE AND HAVE THEIR NAMES REGISTERED.

Special attention given to private families, and ladies will find it to their advantage to call in person, and make known their requirements.

Neatly Furnished Sitting Rooms for those Desiring Situations.

Planters wishing first-class laborers from the North, or any of the Southern States (white or colored), can have their orders filled on short notice, by calling in person or addressing this bureau, as we have agents in each of the Southern States as well as in Northern cities, expressly for the purpose of engaging hands. Agents wanted in the country parishes and in the States of Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi and Texas, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid, for the purpose of engaging and forwarding labor. For particulars, enclose postage stamp.

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Claims of all kinds against the States, or the United States, for bounty, pensions, prize money, etc., etc., collected promptly.

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SEND 50 CENTS FOR A SAMPLE COPY OF EITHER OF THE ABOVE, AND IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH YOUR PURCHASE, WE WILL RETURN YOUR MONEY.
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Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum, Quince, Crab, etc.
STOCKS GRAFTS, Apple, Cherry, Crab, Pear, etc.
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GREEN HOUSE PLANTS, Splendid Novelties, Roses, Verbenas, Carnations, etc. For NEW CATALOGUES of the BLOOMINGTON (PHENIX) NURSERY, post free, address W. M. F. BAIRD (Trustee) Box 1, BLOOMINGTON, ILLINOIS. Jan-4t

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Terms for board and tuition, \$100 a year. Day pupils \$2, \$1 or 50 cents per month, according to class.

For admission, or further particulars, application should be made at once to the Rev. Geo. E. Cranston, Principal, 180 West Middle street, Baltimore. Reference is made to the gentlemen of the

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TO THE REPUBLICANS OF LOUISIANA.

The members of the State Central Committee, to whom has been entrusted the representation of your political interests, this day terminate their trust by calling a Convention of the Republican party to assemble in the city of New Orleans, on the Third Monday in October, 1879. In doing so it becomes proper they should make a report of their action, inform you of the condition of your political affairs and offer a respectful counsel as to their future conduct.

It is not necessary to recapitulate the animus under which the Republican victory gained in 1876 was lost in the expulsion of the Republican government from office in April, 1877. Your Committee found itself in consequence entirely without the means of political warfare. The whole influence of the State and municipal patronage has been turned against them. The Democracy has captured the State printing, nor was there a Republican newspaper in the State of general circulation. There was not a dollar of donations from private means. No appropriation was allotted from the National Campaign Fund, and but meagre assessments could have been expected from the officers and employees of the National Government, impoverished and exhausted by their recent struggle for political existence.

The pledges given by the Democratic Legislature and Executive on the 19th of April, 1877, as the condition of Republican surrender, were kept only in appearance, until an occasion occurred for their violation. The first overt breach of faith was the prosecution of the Republican electoral officers "for past political conduct" by acts done in literal pursuance of law. This prosecution having been dismissed by the Supreme Court of the State, the Democracy of the Parishes resorted to the same intimidation and violence which had been so successful in securing control of the State. Events, now historical, which occurred in Natchitoches, Tensas, and other localities, convinced your Committee that the Democracy of the Parishes had never regarded the solemn pledges under which the protection of the Federal Government had been withdrawn, as in any respect binding upon the Democratic party at large. Deeming it a duty to ascertain how far these pledges would be maintained by the State Government, a committee was appointed which waited upon his Excellency Governor Nichols, with a representation of the violence alleged to have been practiced in the cases referred to, and requested respectfully to know whether the State authorities were aware of the facts; and whether they could be expected to enforce the laws under the engagement, for the protection of the people? In this interview his Excellency was reported to have declared his purpose to carry out all the personal and official pledges given by him. He had not at that time received official information of the offenses complained of. Enquiries, it seems, were subsequently made of the local authorities in parishes referred to, but no steps were taken by the State authorities to bring the alleged offenders to the bar of legal enquiry. Satisfied that the authorities of State either did not regard these allegations of violence as proven, or that they were unable to prevent or punish violations of their solemn pledges, aware also that the whole electoral machinery was in the hands of their opponents, your Committee came to the reluctant conclusion that any attempt to conduct a Republican campaign would be a wanton risk of life and a futile waste of effort. They had no disposition to sacrifice either the life or labor of their fellow citizens for the sake of making issues elsewhere. They determined, therefore, to leave the nominations and support of candidates to the discretion of the Republicans of each district, authorizing them to nominate a party candidate when a canvass would be safe or success possible, or "to give their support to the most favorable candidate otherwise nominated."

The Committee availed themselves also of the events and opportunity during the canvass to call a State Republican Convention upon which would properly devolve the duty of prescribing the course of the campaign, and of conferring upon others the very responsible authority which your committee had exercised since the canvass of 1876. A quorum of this Convention having been prevented from assembling by the prevailing epidemics of yellow fever and quarantine, your Committee published an address to the Republicans of the State, in which they assumed provisional and temporary charge of the campaign, "holding all its acts and measures subject to approval by the Republican party in convention to assemble." No party meeting was practicable during that campaign. The deplorable re-

sults of that election are known. The Republicans were defeated in every Congressional District, and succeeded in returning but a small proportion of the Legislature and parish officers, with none of the officers of the State. The unexpected canvass for the election of members to the Convention for the adoption of a Constitution, passed off under somewhat similar circumstances and with very much the same results so far as the representation of the Republican party in that body were concerned.

Your Committee have deemed the occasion of a vote upon the adoption of the State Constitution, and the election of legislative officers thereunder, proper for renewing the call for the Republicans of Louisiana to assemble in convention, that they may determine on the future course of the party, and confer upon another Committee those powers which have been cast upon, and borne by us during a period so momentous and under circumstances of such embarrassment. It is in performing this final function and as sentinels coming in from post that your Committee may be permitted to offer such observations as may be useful to our successors and to yourselves.

The result of experience has convinced us that the safety of the Republican party principles can only consist in the preservation and assertion of its National purpose and organization as best adapted to secure the peace and welfare of Louisiana. We are satisfied that any system of Liberal, or Fusion, coalition or compact with any other party or faction of a party is fraught with unalloyed evil. The Republican party has been worsted in every transaction of this sort into which it has ever entered.

The expectations of dividing our opponents and remaining compact ourselves, or of demoralizing them without impairing our own political purity is in itself unreasonable. The motive of such an alliance is a mutual treachery. Whether the disaffected faction is successful or not it hastens to vindicate its loyalty to its own party by redoubled abuse of its allies. The character of the intermediaries who conduct this contraband traffic is not usually consistent with the stern devotion to principle which values no victory achieved by deception. In political as in other warfare it has been found any license to traffic always injures the more needy of the combatants. It is not wise to sanction any such dereliction of discipline even if we are unable to prevent it. Soldiers should be kept to their colors, all straggling and foraging upon the enemy should be forbidden. It is better that the Republicans should take no part in a political campaign than that their position should be either equivocal or subordinate.

It is proper to say that the state of public feeling in Louisiana promises to permit such an organization. The Bourbon Democracy have overthrown Republican government to which they had attributed all the evils of civil strife, and business ostracism, with the loss of a vast volume of trade naturally due to our great city but turned to other ports by artificial ways and preponderant capital. It has found that those who promised relief from these evils, and the reform of alleged abuses, were unable or unwilling to redeem their promises, and that the situation of the State and city requires the cooperation of all the elements of care and labor to redeem it. There is then a moderation of prejudice, and a concurrence of interests which will allow the Republican party under exceptional representation to be heard in a consultation for the promotion of labor, and the favor of Congress. Such is our hope, though perhaps sanguine.

We, therefore, respectfully suggest—
1. That you announce to the Republicans in your several parishes and wards that the party will reorganize upon its National principles; that all political friendships are revoked, all absent on leave recalled, and the whole Republican muster roll reviewed and reported fit for political duty.

2. In electing representatives to the State Convention care should be taken to elect no one as principals or alternates except citizens of good repute, of undoubted fidelity to Republican principles, and responsible in his own person, business and property for whatever may be done by him in a representative capacity. It is indispensable to the future success of the Republican party that the personal character, capacity, courage, and common interest of its representatives should be such as to leave to the people only the consideration of the purposes and measures advanced by the party.

It is not the mission of the Republican party to substant on the robbery of its fellow citizens of the South, or to play the part of spies, informers or oppressors. It is to comply with the amnesty which has been granted. To restore the fraternity of the Union. To bury with the honors of both flags the memories of a brave, a bitter, and a decisive struggle. To mediate between the preponderant power and suspicion of the North and the unabated enmity of the Bourbon De-

mocracy at the South, so as to save our fellow citizens from the inevitable consequences of another sectional conflict. It is to prove that only on the Republican doctrine of personal political equality, and the National duty to provide for the common defense and the general welfare, that the people of Louisiana expect continued protection to sugar and rice culture against the slave and pauper labor of other countries. The maintenance of a levee for the protection of the same interest. The construction of a National rail road through—and with the consent of—Mexico to the Pacific Ocean. A continental Republican policy by which alone the commerce of the Mississippi Valley may be fostered and the Union expand into adjacent States and colonies. The organization of ocean postal service to the tropical ports, and the construction of a National ship canal across the Isthmus of Darien, and an international ship canal, under American protectorate, across the Isthmus of Central America. These measures can be alone advocated on Republican principles while no Democrat of the school of Calhoun could vote for without violating the principles and traditions of the Democratic States Right party. These were the doctrines of Clay, Crittenden, of Bell, of Rives, and of Stephens, and no one who complains of Southern ruin and oppression dare deny that if the counsels of such Southern men had been listened to before the war, and even during the Confederacy the situation of the South would not be far better than it is. Yet the people of the South have fallen again under the guidance of those whose doctrines have brought upon them every disaster with which they have been or may be afflicted. It is the Republican party alone which can save and relieve the prosperity of the Southern people. To that supreme object the organization and aims of the party should be devoted.

The issues of the present campaign will be confined chiefly to the adoption and amendment of the State Constitution and to one other of overwhelming importance. It will be the province of the Republican State Convention to consider the course of the Republican party upon the adoption or amendment of the State Constitution, as of all other important subjects which fall within its political jurisdiction. To that most appropriate tribunal we respectfully submit the subject. We have alluded to one other subject which must receive the immediate attention of the Republican party, because it will enter alike into the interests of every citizen of Louisiana, and must pass into the political contest of the State and Nation. The emigration of the colored people from Louisiana, with the total cessation of other immigration into this State has a deep and ominous meaning. There is manifested a discontent and alarm among the colored people of this State. This discontent arises in part from their having no homes of their own, but compelled to live and labor upon the lands of others, with impositions and exactions from them as tenants, laborers, or customers. The alarm may be occasioned by a supposed inability of the State authorities to protect their lives and rights, with an apprehension that with the control of the National and State governments their Democratic opponents may prohibit their withdrawal and reduce them to a state of quasi bondage. To this danger is added the discovery of their value by the inhabitants of Kansas and the adjacent States and Territories of Nebraska, Colorado and New Mexico. The construction of rail-roads, opening and working mines, and preparing for the habitation and cultivation of a new country will render such labor very valuable, and already organized demand has arisen for its employment. Kansas has absorbed—says her Governor—8,000 "refugees" who including about 150 now in barracks "are now [July 3, 1878], self supporting and no longer require or receive aid." He is of opinion that "the exodus has but just fairly begun," and with the removal of certain restrictions "a half million of them would come northward during the next ninety days." Should this demand for labor be combined with the question of section or of philanthropy, what would prevent the repeal of the tariff on foreign sugar, the destruction of plantation culture, and the consequent disbanding of the whole colored labor in the sugar parishes of Louisiana? Already has the duty been repeated as to one foreign country. Already have the consumers of sugar been told that Louisiana makes but a small proportion of the sugar consumed in the United States. The Republican party alone possesses the confidence of the colored people who compose its principal numbers. The property and business interests of Louisiana should be given distinctly to understand that unless a perfectly fair election shall be held, unless the political privileges and legal rights of the colored people shall be protected, no intervention which the Republican party or its leaders can make could possibly assert the appeals to their fears and the inducements to their interests, with the demoralization and depopulation of labor which must follow.

Should the conservative interests of the State unite to give and guarantee the necessary assurances, the Republicans would remain on the fertile soil and genial climate of Louisiana than abandon it for any untrodden region. Your Committee have thus completed the report of its action, and exercise the liberty of submitting certain suggestions for labor be combined with the question of section or of philanthropy, what would prevent the repeal of the tariff on foreign sugar, the destruction of plantation culture, and the consequent disbanding of the whole colored labor in the sugar parishes of Louisiana? Already has the duty been repeated as to one foreign country. Already have the consumers of sugar been told that Louisiana makes but a small proportion of the sugar consumed in the United States. The Republican party alone possesses the confidence of the colored people who compose its principal numbers. The property and business interests of Louisiana should be given distinctly to understand that unless a perfectly fair election shall be held, unless the political privileges and legal rights of the colored people shall be protected, no intervention which the Republican party or its leaders can make could possibly assert the appeals to their fears and the inducements to their interests, with the demoralization and depopulation of labor which must follow.

AS AN ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

The LOUISIANIAN offers rare advantages to the merchant and business man. Our large and weekly increasing circulation within the State, and throughout the country, renders the service of our columns particularly desirable.

EDUCATION.

A special feature of our paper will be its educational column, relating to matters affecting our common school system, the education of our youth, and the enlightenment of the masses.

FINAL.

With this statement of our purpose and laudable endeavor, we hope we shall receive, as we shall always strive to merit, commendation and support. Identify with every interest of our State, proud of its history and its advantages, we shall untiringly work in its behalf; concurring no exertion too great or services too onerous to command and insure success.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

ONE YEAR.....	\$2 00
SIX MONTHS.....	1 00
THREE MONTHS.....	75
SINGLE COPIES.....	5

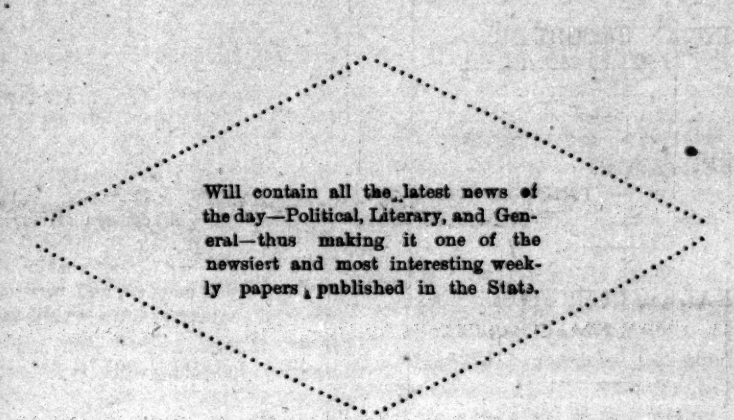
RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square, first insertion.....	\$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.....	75
Yearly advertisements taken at reduced rates.	
Six Months.....	2 50
Twelve Months.....	3 00
One Column Three Months.....	30 00
Six Months.....	30 00
Twelve Months.....	40 00

OFFICE—644 CAMP STREET,
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

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ADVOCATING THE RIGHTS OF MEN,

And representing, especially, the colored citizen, the LOUISIANIAN will maintain, as a fundamental principle, the perfect equality of all citizens, without regard to race or color.

OUR AIM

Shall be to foster kindly relations between the races, and to establish a more mutual respect for each other as the very first essential to the future peace and prosperity of our State and the South.

We enter upon our eighth year pledged to the advocacy of the

POLICY

that has governed the LOUISIANIAN from the beginning. The necessity of a closer intercourse between the two classes—the colored and white people of our State—we rejoice to know, is fast becoming manifest; and, the recent emancipation of our people from the domination of political task-masters renders this desideratum possible.

HARMONY AND MODERATION

among all classes and between all interests; kindness and forbearance fostered where dignity and resentment reigned, and a common service of ALL the people will elevate our loved State to an enviable and rightful position among her sisters in the development of her boundless resources and matchless advantages.

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Twelve Months.....	40 00

OFFICE—644 CAMP STREET,

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU.

PLANTERS, ATTENTION.

Riard's Employers' and Servants

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU AND CLAIM AGENCY,

184.....POYDRAS STREET.....184

NEW ORLEANS.

The undersigned, having had many years experience in one of the largest North Cities, in the selection of servants for employers, and in obtaining situations for the unemployed, and believing in the advantage to the public of a permanent bureau, where those needing help can call at any time, and secure such as may be required, and those out of employment can obtain good situations, inform the public that they have established a bureau as above, where, at the shortest notice,

PRIVATE FAMILIES,
BOARDING HOUSES,
HOTELS, RESTAURANTS,
STEAMBOATS, STORES,
PLANTATIONS, Etc., Etc.,

can be supplied with first-class cooks, waiters, nurses, stewards, (male and female) matrons, housekeepers, seamstresses, traveling servants, ladies' maids, valets, servers, clerks, salesmen, overseers for plantations, bar-tenders, coachmen, waiters, grooms, hostlers, office-cleaners. Boys for any occupation, and likewise laborers for plantations, white and colored.

English, French, American, German and Spanish employers wishing first-class help, and those desiring good situations in the city or country, will find it to their advantage.

TO CALL AT ONCE, OR COMMUNICATE AND HAVE THEIR NAMES REGISTERED.

Special attention given to private families, and ladies will find it to their advantage to call in person, and make known their requirements.

Neatly Furnished Sitting Rooms for those Desiring Situations.

Planters wishing first-class laborers from the North, or any of the Southern States (white or colored), can have their orders filled on short notice, by calling in person or addressing this bureau, as we have agents in each of the Southern States as well as in Northern cities, expressly for the purpose of engaging hands. Agents wanted in the country parishes and in the States of Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi and Texas, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid, for the purpose of engaging and forwarding labor. For particulars, enclose postage stamp.

UNITED STATES CLAIM AGENCY.

Claims of all kinds against the States, or the United States, for bounty, pensions, prize money, etc., etc., collected promptly.

Land warrants of the Revolutionary, Black Hawk, Florida, Mexican Wars, and War of 1812 bought and sold.

Compensation obtained for all losses of stock, produce, or otherwise, sustained by acts of the Federal Army during the war. No charges unless successful. July-6
A. F. RIARD.

CHEAP MUSIC.

PETERS' HOUSEHOLD MELODIES, Nos. 1 to 12. A Collection of songs by Hays, Danks, etc. Price, 50 cents per Number, or 12 for \$4.
PETERS' PARLOR MUSIC, Nos. 1 to 12. A Collection of Easy Dance Music. Price, 50 cents per Number, or 12 Nos. for \$4.
LA CREME DE LA CREME, Nos. 1 to 24. A Collection of difficult Pian. Music. Price, 50 cents per Number or 12 Nos. for \$4.

SEND 50 CENTS FOR A SAMPLE COPY OF EITHER OF THE ABOVE, AND IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH YOUR PURCHASE, WE WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY.

Address, J. L. PETERS,
843 ROADWAY N.
oct30

FRUIT TREES.

Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum, Quince, Crab, etc.
STOCKS GRAFTS, Apple, Cherry, Crab, Pear, etc.
EVERGREENS, Shade Trees, Shrubs, Fruit and Flower Plants.
HEDGE PLANTS, Osage, Buckthorn, Honey Locust, etc.
GREEN HOUSE PLANTS, Splendid Novelties, Roses, Verbenas, Carnations, etc. For NEW CATALOGUES of the BLOOMINGTON (PHENIX) NURSERY, post free, address WM. F. BAIRD, (Trustee) Box 1, BLOOMINGTON, ILLINOIS. jan9-4t

ST. MARY'S BOYS' ACADEMY.

BALTIMORE, MD.

OPEN SEPT. 8, 1879.

Established for the higher education of Colored Youth.

It will prepare young men for the entrance examinations of any of the Colleges or Universities or for business pursuits.

Terms for board and tuition, \$100 a year. Day pupils \$2, \$1 or 50 cents per month, according to class.

For admission, or further particulars, application should be made at once to the

Rev. Geo. E. CRANSTON, Principal, 180 West Biddle street, Baltimore. Reference is made to the gentlemen of the

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

Rev. Calbraith B. Perry, president ex officio.

Hon. B. K. Bruce, U. S. Senator from Miss.

Hon. Joseph H. Rainey, ex-member of Congress from South Carolina.

Prof. B. T. Greener, Dean of Law School, Howard University.

Rev. A. Crumell, D. D., Pastor St. Luke's, Washington, D. C.

A. T. Augusta, M. D., Washington, D. C.

Whitfield Winsay, M. D., Baltimore.

Mr. James O. Bishop, Annapolis, Md.

Mr. W. H. Bishop, Jr., Baltimore.

Mr. James T. Braxford, Baltimore.

Mr. John L. Locks, Baltimore. 8-3

F. A. GONZALES & BRO.

IMPORTERS OF

HAVANA CIGARS,

Cor. Camp and Common Sts.,

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

EDWARD LILIENTHAL,

—DEALER IN—

JEWELRY, WATCHES AND SILVERWARE.

No. 95 CANAL STREET

NEW ORLEANS.

AGENT FOR THE DIAMOND EYE GLASSES. June 6, 1874.

J. B. SOLARI and SONS.

10 CASES OF 12 JARS

NEW FRENCH PRUNES.

5 cases of 50 cartons French PRUNES 2-95

20 " Benedictine CORDIAL 5 "

5 " Maraschino 5 "

5 " Cocoa 100 basket Lafaurie ANISETTE.

100 " Marie Brizard 25 cases superior Burgundy WINE

200 " Bordeaux 100 " Brandy CHERRIES.

10 " new FRUITS in juice. 10 " boneless SARDINES in oil.

3 " MACKERELS 50 " White Wine VINEGAR

20 cases and bbls. White Wine VINEGAR Landing and for sale by

J. B. SOLARI & SONS, -27 and 29 Royal and 75 Camp street

SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

Cash Capital, \$500,00

WITH CASH DIVIDENDS TO INSURE

—Issues Policies on—

FIRE, RIVER AND MARINE RISKS.

Office—12 Camp, between Gravier and NEW ORLEANS.

JAMES L. DAY, Pres't.

H. CHERPENTIER, Sec'y.

C. E. GIBARDEY,

Auctioneer and Appraiser,

31 CANAL STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

A. MONTFORT,

Cheap Family Grocery

No. 228 BAYOU ROAD STREET, (Cor. Tremé)

Goods delivered free of charge, in any part of the city.